> # Input: x = [x1, x2, x3]# q is an irreducible homogeneous of degree 2 in x1, x2, x3# p = [p1, p2, p3] is a point on q. # # The output is a list X such that the substitution $\{x[1]=X[1], x[2]=X[2], x[3]=X[3]\}$ # turns q to the form $x2^2 - x1 x^3$ # Simplify $q := \mathbf{proc}(q, x :: list, p :: list, X :: list)$ option trace; local x1, x2, x3, Q, i, pts, Q1, Q2, Q3, Line, Lines, EQ, v, SL, S; if $nops(x) \neq 3$ or $nops(p) \neq 3$ or p = [0, 0, 0] then error "wrong input" elif *nargs* = 3 then **return** procname(args, x) fi; x1, x2, x3 := op(x);if p[3] = 0 then return $procname(q, x, [p[3], p[1], p[2]], subs(\{xl = x2, x2 = x3, x3 = xl\}, X))$ elif $p[3] \neq 1$ then **return** *procname*(*q*, *x*, *normal*([*p*[1]/*p*[3], *p*[2]/*p*[3], 1]), *X*) elif $p[1] \neq 0$ or $p[2] \neq 0$ then return procname(q, x, [0, 0, 1], subs(xl = xl + p[1]*x3, x2 = x2 + p[2]*x3, X))fi; $Q := collect(subs(\{xl = X[1], x2 = X[2], x3 = X[3]\}, q), \{xl, x2, x3\}, normal);$ if normal({seq(coeff (Q, x[i], 2), i = 1..3)}) \neq {0} then $pts := \{[0, 0, 1]\};$ # Now Q has the point [0,0,1] on it. Lets intersect Q with three lines through # that point to find more points, until we have three points. Q1 := normal(subs(x1 = 0, Q)/x2);if $coeff(Q1, x3) \neq 0$ then pts := pts union { [0, 1, normal(-coeff(Q1, x2)/coeff(Q1, x3))] } fi: Q2 := normal(subs(x2 = 0, Q)/x1);if $coeff(Q2, x3) \neq 0$ then pts := pts union { [1, 0, normal(-coeff(Q2, x1)/coeff(Q2, x3))]} fi: Q3 := normal(subs(x1 = x2, Q)/x2);if nops(pts) < 3 and $coeff(Q3, x3) \neq 0$ then pts := pts union { [1, 1, normal(-coeff(Q3, x2)/coeff(Q3, x3))] } fi: if nops(pts) < 3 then error "Input must be irreducible, not a product of two lines" fi: *Line* := a1 * x1 + a2 * x2 + a3 * x3; *Lines* $:= \{ \};$ for *i* in *pts* do $EQ := \{seq(eval(Line, \{xl = v[1], x2 = v[2], x3 = v[3]\}), v = pts \text{ minus } \{i\})\};\$ Lines := Lines union {primpart(subs(solve(EQ, {a1, a2, a3}), Line), {x1, x2, x3})

od; $SL := solve(\{seq(y[i] = Lines[i], i = 1...3)\}, \{x1, x2, x3\});$ return procname(q, x, p, subs(seq(y[i] = x[i], i = 1..3), subs(SL, X)))fi: # Now [1,0,0], [0,1,0], [0,0,1] are on the curve. # So we're looking at .. x1x2 + ...x1x3 + ...x2x3 and all of those coefficients # are non-zero (otherwise the equation would be reducible). # Aiming for $x2^2 - x1 * x3$ S := subs(xl = xl - x2 * coeff(coeff(Q, x2), x3) / coeff(coeff(Q, x1), x3), X); $Q := collect(subs(\{xl = S[1], x2 = S[2], x3 = S[3]\}, q), \{xl, x2, x3\}, normal);$ S := subs(x3 = -x3 * lcoeff(Q, x2) / coeff(coeff(Q, x3), x1), S); $O := collect(subs(\{xl = S[1], x2 = S[2], x3 = S[3]\}, q), \{xl, x2, x3\}, normal);$ S := subs(x3 = x3 + x2 * coeff(coeff(Q, x2), x1) / lcoeff(Q, x2), S); $Q := primpart(collect(subs(\{x1 = S[1], x2 = S[2], x3 = S[3]\}, q), \{x1, x2, x3\}, normal),$ x^{2}); if not member $(x^2 - x^1 + x^3, \{Q, -Q\})$ then error "unexpected" fi; S; end: > # Example: > $q := 3 * x l^2 + x l * x^2 + x l * x^3 + x^2 - 10 * x^2 * x^3 - 20 * x^3 2;$ Simplify q(q, [x1, x2, x3], [3, 2, 1]);primpart(subs($\{xl = \%[1], x2 = \%[2], x3 = \%[3]\}, q$), x2); $q := 3 x l^{2} + x l x^{2} + x l x^{3} + x 2^{2} - 10 x^{2} x^{3} - 20 x^{3}^{2}$ {--> enter Simplify_q, args = 3*x1^2+x1*x2+x1*x3+x2^2-10*x2*x3-20* x3², [x1, x2, x3], [3, 2, 1]

$$Lines := \emptyset$$

$$i = [0, 0, 1]$$

$$FQ := \left[a1 - \frac{a3}{7}, a2 + \frac{a3}{3}\right]$$

$$Lines := \{3x1 - 7x2 + 21x3\}$$

$$i := \left[0, 1, \frac{1}{3}\right]$$

$$EQ := \left[a3, a1 - \frac{a3}{7}\right]$$

$$Lines := \{x2, 3x1 - 7x2 + 21x3\}$$

$$i := \left[1, 0, -\frac{1}{7}\right]$$

$$EQ := \left[a3, a2 + \frac{a3}{3}\right]$$

$$Lines := \{x1, x2, 3x1 - 7x2 + 21x3\}$$

$$sL := \left[x1 - x2, 3x1 - 7x2 + 21x3\right]$$

$$SL := \left[x1 - x2, 3x1 - 7x2 + 21x3\right]$$

$$SL := \left[x1 - x2, 3x1 - 7x2 + 21x3\right]$$

$$SL := \left[x1 - y_1, x2 - y_2, x3 - \frac{y_3}{21} - \frac{y_1}{7} + \frac{y_2}{3}\right]$$

$$(--> \text{ enter Simplify_G, args = 3*11^2 + x1*x2 + x1*x3 + x2^{-2} - 10*x2 + x3 - 20^{+} + x3^{-2}(x1, x2, x3), [0, 0, 1], [(47)*x1 + (17)*x3 + x2, (5/3)*x2 + (2/21)*x3^{-2}(x7) + x3 + (1/2)*x3 - (1/7)*x1 + (1/3)*x2]$$

$$Q := \left[x3 + \frac{59x7}{7}\right]x1 - \frac{x7}{7}, \frac{59x3}{21} - \frac{x1}{7} + \frac{46x2}{147}\right]$$

$$Q := \left[\frac{4x1}{7} + \frac{53x2}{49} - \frac{59x3}{743}, \frac{239x2}{147} - \frac{118x3}{1029} - \frac{2x1}{7}, -\frac{59x3}{1029} - \frac{x1}{7} + \frac{46x2}{147}\right]$$

$$Q := \left[\frac{59x2}{7} - \frac{59x3}{94}\right]x1 + \frac{59x2^{2}}{49}$$

$$S := \left[\frac{4x1}{7} - \frac{6x2}{49} - \frac{59x3}{343}, \frac{121x2}{147} - \frac{118x3}{1029} - \frac{2x1}{7}, -\frac{59x3}{1029} - \frac{x1}{147} - \frac{x1}{147}\right]$$

$$Q := (x3 + \frac{59x2}{79})x1 + \frac{59x2^{2}}{49}$$

$$S := \left[\frac{4x1}{7} - \frac{6x2}{49} - \frac{59x3}{343}, \frac{121x2}{147} - \frac{118x3}{1029} - \frac{2x1}{7}, -\frac{59x3}{1029} - \frac{13x2}{147} - \frac{x1}{7}\right]$$

$$Q := (x3 + x2^{2}$$

$$\left[\frac{4x1}{7} - \frac{6x2}{49} - \frac{59x3}{343}, \frac{121x2}{147} - \frac{118x3}{1029} - \frac{2x1}{7}, -\frac{59x3}{1029} - \frac{13x2}{147} - \frac{x1}{7}\right]$$

$$Q := -x1x3 + x2^{2}$$

$$\left[\frac{4x1}{7} - \frac{6x2}{49} - \frac{59x3}{343}, \frac{121x2}{147} - \frac{118x3}{1029} - \frac{2x1}{7}, -\frac{59x3}{1029} - \frac{13x2}{147} - \frac{x1}{7}\right]$$

$$Q := -x1x3 + x2^{2}$$

$$\left[\frac{4x1}{7} - \frac{6x2}{49} - \frac{59x3}{343}, \frac{121x2}{147} - \frac{118x3}{1029} - \frac{2x1}{7}, -\frac{59x3}{1029} - \frac{13x2}{147} - \frac{x1}{7}\right]$$
<-- exit Simplify c (now in Simplify c) = ((47)*x1 - (6/49)*x2 - (5)*x3) + x3 - (2)*x3 - (2)*x4 - (5)*x3) + x3 - (2)*x3 - (2)*x4 - (5)*x3 - (2)*x3 - (

 $\begin{bmatrix} (13/147) * x2 - (1/7) * x1] \\ <-- \text{ exit Simplify q (now in Simplify q)} = [(4/7) * x1 - (6/49) * x2 - (59/343) * x3, (121/147) * x2 - (118/1029) * x3 - (2/7) * x1, -(59/1029) * x3 - (13/147) * x2 - (1/7) * x1] \\ <-- \text{ exit Simplify q (now at top level)} = [(4/7) * x1 - (6/49) * x2 - (59/343) * x3, (121/147) * x2 - (118/1029) * x3 - (2/7) * x1, -(59/1029) * x3 - (13/147) * x2 - (1/7) * x1] \\ \begin{bmatrix} 4xl \\ 7 \\ - \\ 49 \\ - \\ \hline 343 \\ 343 \\ - \\ \hline 147 \\ - \\ \hline 147 \\ - \\ \hline 121 \\ x2 \\ - \\ x1 \\ x3 \\ + x2^2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2xl \\ 7 \\ - \\ 59 \\ x3 \\ - \\ \hline 1029 \\ - \\ \hline 13 \\ x2 \\ - \\ \hline 147 \\ - \\ \hline 7 \\ \end{bmatrix}$