1. Provide an explicit definition for the function element

$$f(x) = z^{1/3}(1-z)^{1/2}$$

in a neighborhood of z = 1/2.

- 2. Study the analytic continuation of f along paths in $\mathbb{C} \setminus \{0, 1\}$. In particular, what happens when a path winds around z = 0, z = 1?
- 3. Prove that f defines an algebraic function, and determine the polynomial $P(t_1, t_2)$ such that

$$P(f(z), z) = 0.$$