1. Provide an explicit definition for the function element

$$
f(x)=z^{1 / 3}(1-z)^{1 / 2}
$$

in a neighborhood of $z=1 / 2$.
2. Study the analytic continuation of $f$ along paths in $\mathbb{C} \backslash\{0,1\}$. In particular, what happens when a path winds around $z=0, z=1$ ?
3. Prove that $f$ defines an algebraic function, and determine the polynomial $P\left(t_{1}, t_{2}\right)$ such that

$$
P(f(z), z)=0 .
$$

