

3 Redux

a) $y'' - 5y' + 6y = 0, \quad y(0)=0, \quad y'(0)=1$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}\{y\}_{\text{LHS}} &= \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s^2 - 5s + 6) - 5y(0) - s y(0) - y'(0) \\ &= \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s^2 - 5s + 6) - 0 - 0 - 1 \\ &= \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s^2 - 5s + 6) - 1 \end{aligned}$$

- $\mathcal{L}\{y\}_{\text{RHS}} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{1}{s^2 - 5s + 6}$$

b) $y'' + 4y = 0, \quad y(0)=1, \quad y'(0)=3$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}\{y\}_{\text{LHS}} &= \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s^2 + 4) - sy(0) - y'(0) \\ &= \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s^2 + 4) - s - 3 \end{aligned}$$

- $\mathcal{L}\{y\}_{\text{RHS}} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{s+3}{s^2+4}$$

c) $y'' - 5y' + 6y = \frac{t^3}{3!}, \quad y(0)=1, \quad y'(0)=1$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}\{y\}_{\text{LHS}} &= \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s^2 - 5s + 6) - 5y(0) - s y(0) - y'(0) \\ &= \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s^2 - 5s + 6) - 5 - s - 1 \end{aligned}$$

- $\mathcal{L}\{y\}_{\text{RHS}} = \frac{1}{s^4}$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{6+s+\frac{1}{s^4}}{(s^2 - 5s + 6)} = \frac{s^5 + 6s^4 + 1}{s^4(s-3)(s-2)}$$

$$(d) y'' + 4y' + 4y = e^t + t, \quad y(0) = -2, \quad y'(0) = -2$$

$$\hookrightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s^2 + 4s + 4) + 10 + 2s$$

$$\bullet \mathcal{L}\{\text{RHS}\} = \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{1}{s-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{\frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{1}{s-1} - 10 - 2s}{(s^2 + 4s + 4)} = \frac{-2s^4 - 8s^3 + 11s^2 + s - 1}{s^2(s+2)^2(s-1)}$$

$$(e) y'' - 8y' - 9y = \cos(t) - \sin(2t), \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = -1$$

$$\hookrightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s^2 - 8s - 9) + 1$$

$$\bullet \mathcal{L}\{\text{RHS}\} = -\frac{2}{s^2+4} + \frac{s}{s^2+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{\mathcal{L}\{\text{RHS}\} - 1}{s^2 - 8s - 9} = \frac{-s^4 + s^3 - 7s^2 + 4s - 6}{(s^2+1)(s^2+4)(s+1)(s-9)}$$

$$(f) y'' + 4y = \cos(t) - \sin(2t), \quad y(0) = 2, \quad y'(0) = -1$$

$$\hookrightarrow \bullet \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \mathcal{L}\{y\}(s^2 + 4) - 2s + 1$$

$$\bullet \mathcal{L}\{\text{RHS}\} = -\frac{2}{s^2+4} + \frac{s}{s^2+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{\mathcal{L}\{\text{RHS}\} + 2s - 1}{s^2 + 4} = \frac{2s^5 - s^4 + 11s^3 - 7s^2 + 12s - 6}{(s^2+1)(s^2+4)^2}$$

$$(g) y'' - 4y = te^{-3t} \cos t - \sin(2t), \quad y(0) = 4, \quad y'(0) = 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y\} (s^2 - 4) - 4s$$

$$\bullet \mathcal{L}\{\text{RHS}\} = \frac{-2}{s^2 + 4} + \left[\frac{s^2 + 6s + 8}{(10 + 6s + s^2)^2} \right] = \frac{(s+3)^2 - 1}{((s+3)^2 + 1)^2},$$

b/c $\mathcal{L}\{t \cos t\}$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{\mathcal{L}\{\text{RHS}\} + 4s}{s^2 - 4}$$

$$= \frac{4s^7 + 48s^6 + 240s^5 + 671s^4 + 1278s^3 + 1820s^2 + 1384s - 168}{(s+2)(s-2)(s^2+4)(s^2+6s+16)^2}$$

$\mathcal{L}\{te^{-3t} \cos t\} = G(s)$