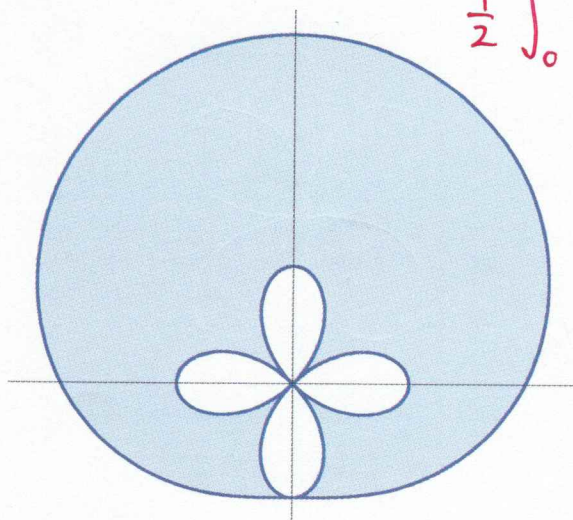


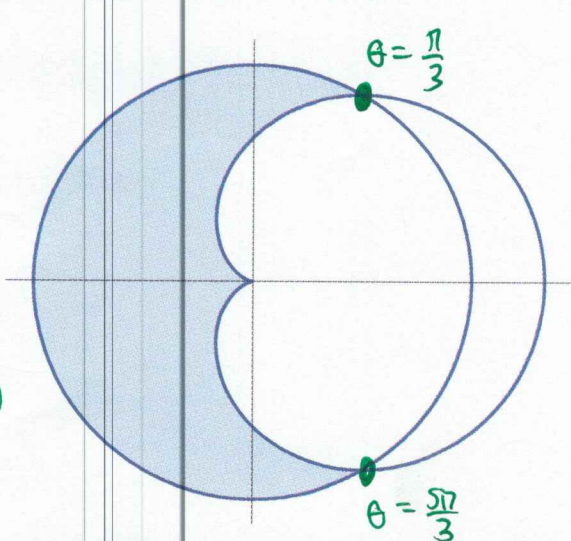
KEY

12. Find the area of the following shaded region, where the outer curve is given by $r = 2 + \sin \theta$ and where the inner curve is given by $r = \cos(2\theta)$.

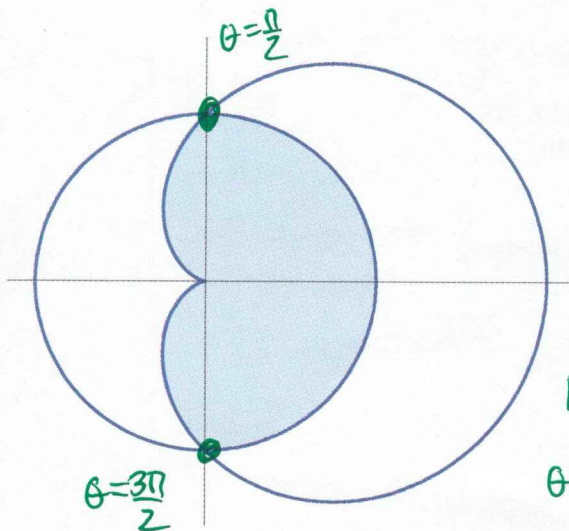


$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} (2 + \sin \theta)^2 - (\cos 2\theta)^2 d\theta = 4\pi.$$

13. For each of the following, determine (i) the arc lengths of each of the two curves; and (ii) the area of the corresponding shaded region. **Hint:** To find the areas, you'll need to know the intersections of the two curves!



(a) Circle: $r = 3$; Cardioid: $r = 2(1 + \cos t)$



(b) Circle: $r = 1$; Cardioid: $r = 1 + \cos t$

$$\begin{aligned} 3 &= 2(1 + \cos \theta) \\ \Downarrow \\ \cos \theta &= \frac{1}{2} \\ \Downarrow \\ \theta &= \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{5\pi}{3}} (3)^2 - (2(1 + \cos \theta))^2 d\theta$$

$$= \frac{9\sqrt{3}}{2} + 2\pi$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &= 1 + \cos \theta \\ \Downarrow \\ \theta &= \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{3\pi}{2}} 1 - (1 + \cos \theta)^2 d\theta$$

$$= 2 - \frac{\pi}{4}$$