

1. A. Simplify $\log_4 1/32$ B. Find b if $\log_b 81 = -4/3$.

(5, 0, 3, 1, 1, 3, 3, 2, 2, 0, 0)

50
24
7
6
15
12
6
4

$\frac{124}{200} \approx 62\%$

2

2. If $x = 4^{-2t} + \log_4 3t^2 + \arcsin 4t + \arctan e^{1/2} + \cosh(2t + 7)$, Find $\frac{dx}{dt}$

(2, 1, 2, 0, 7, 1, 1, 2, 3, 0, 1)

124
20
9
16
42
5
4
6
b

$\frac{108}{200} \approx 54\%$

4

3. Find $\int 4^t + (4 + t^2)^{-1} dt$.

~~(3, 0, 2, 0, 1, 6, 1, 1, 0, 5, 1)~~

30
16
6
30
4
3
5

$\frac{94}{200} \approx 47\%$

7

4. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^3 e^{-x}$.

(1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 3, 1, 3, 1)

110
4
9
2
3

$\frac{128}{200} \approx 64\%$

1

$\frac{914}{2000} \approx 45.7\%$

124
108
94
128
454

454
207
253
914

5. Find the equation of the tangent line to $y = x^x$ at $x = 2$.

$$(2, 0, 2, 1, 5, 4, 1, 3, 1, 1, 0)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ 16 \\ 7 \\ 30 \\ 20 \\ 4 \\ 9 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ \hline 109 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{109}{200} \approx 54.5$$

3

6. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x + e^{2x})^{1/x}$.

$$(0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 3, 1, 3, 2, 1, 7)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 7 \\ 6 \\ 15 \\ 4 \\ 9 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ \hline 44 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{44}{200} \approx 22\%$$

10

7. Find $\int (4u + 7)/(3u - 2) du$.

$$(0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 4, 2, 1, 2, 4, 5)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ 6 \\ 20 \\ 8 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ \hline 54 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{54}{200} \approx 27\%$$

8

$$\begin{array}{r} 109 \\ 44 \\ 54 \\ \hline 207 \end{array}$$

8. Using the formulas: $\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x = 1$ and $\sinh(\operatorname{arcsinh} x) = x$, SHOW how to find an expression for the derivative of $\operatorname{arcsinh} x$ which doesn't contain any hyperbolic functions

(1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 3, 9, 2, 3)

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 9 \\ 18 \\ 2 \\ \hline 48 \end{array} \quad \frac{48}{200} \approx 24\%$$

9

9. Graph $y = xe^{-x}$. Be sure to locate relative extrema, points of inflection and the limits as $x \rightarrow \pm\infty$.

(1, 1, 0, 1, 2, 5, 3, 2, 2, 0, 3)

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 9 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 25 \\ 12 \\ 6 \\ 4 \\ \hline 105 \end{array} \quad \frac{105}{200} \approx 52.5\%$$

5

10. The half life of C^{14} is on the order of 5000 years. If a person died 20,000 years ago and when he died 20% of the carbon in his bones was C^{14} then what percent of the carbon in his bones is C^{14} today? (Note C^{14} decays into a non-carbon atom, and the other isotopes of carbon are not radioactive.) Assume all of the bones managed to survive the years.

(1, 0, 0, 8, 1, 3, 2, 1, 0, 2, 2)

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 56 \\ 6 \\ 15 \\ 8 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ \hline 100 \end{array} \quad \frac{100}{200} \approx 50\%$$

$$\frac{48}{105} \approx 45.7\%$$

$$\frac{100}{253} \approx 39.5\%$$

6