### 7.4 Notes

Recall the area formula for a triangle:

$$
\mathrm{A}=(1 / 2) \mathrm{bh}
$$


b
$\sin \gamma=\frac{h}{a}$
Solving for $\mathrm{h}: \mathrm{h}=$
And substituting into the equation for area $\mathrm{A}=(1 / 2) \mathrm{bh}=$
This allows us to find the area when we know the lengths of two sides of a triangle and the angle between them (SAS).

Now let's work some eGrade \#124 problems.

There is another formula for finding the area of a triangle when you know the lengths of all three sides of the triangle.
$\mathrm{s}=(1 / 2)(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c})$
and $A=\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$
Now let's work some eGrade \#125 problems.

